

Marketing Research

EIGHTH EDITION

Alvin C. Burns • Ann Veeck • Ronald F. Bush



A BRIEF GUIDE TO GETTING THE MOST FROM THIS BOOK

1. Features to make reading more interesting

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	BENEFIT
Opening vignettes	Each chapter begins with a short description of a marketing research company's features or an organization's services such how firms deal with survey data quality.	Previews the material in the textbook by showing you how it is used in marketing research
Current insights from indus- try professionals	"War stories" and recommendations from seasoned practitioners of marketing research	Illustrates how the technique or theory should be applied or gives some hints on ways to use it effectively
Global Applications	Examples of global marketing research in action	Fosters awareness that over one-half of marketing research is per- formed in international markets
Ethical Considerations	Situations that show how ethical marketing researchers behave using the actual code of marketing research standards adopted by the Marketing Research Association	Reveals that marketing researchers are aware of ethical dilemmas and seek to act honorably
Practical Applications	"Nuts and bolts" examples of how marketing research is performed and features new techniques such as neuromarketing	Gives a "learning by seeing" perspective on real-world marketing research practice
Digital Marketing Research Applications	Information is provided on how technology is impacting marketing research both as a source of information and the creation of new products designed to cultivate the information	You will see how new innovations create opportunities for mar- keting research firms to add new services designed to provide information created by the new information sources

2. Features to help you study for exams

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	BENEFIT
Chapter objectives	Bulleted items listing the major topics and issues addressed in the chapter	Alerts you to the major topics that you should recall after reading the chapter
Marginal notes	One-sentence summaries of key concepts	Reminds you of the central point of the material in that section
Chapter summaries	Summaries of the key points in the chapter	Reminds you of the chapter highlights
Key terms	Important terms defined within the chapter and listed at the end of the chapter.	Helps you assess your knowledge of the chapter material and review key topics
Review questions	Assessment questions to challenge your understanding of the theories and topics covered within the chapter	Assists you in learning whether you know what you need to know about the major topics presented in the chapter
Companion website	The student resources on this website include chapter outlines, case study hints, online tests, and PowerPoint slides	Offers online pre- and post-tests, PowerPoint files, case study hints, and SPSS tutorials and datasets

3. Elements that help you apply the knowledge you've gained

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	BENEFIT
End-of-chapter cases	Case studies that ask you to apply the material you've learned in the chapter	Helps you learn how to use the material that sometimes must be customized for a particular marketing research case
Synthesize Your Learning	Exercises that ask you to apply and integrate material from across three to four chapters	 Overcomes the "silo effect" of studying chapters in isolation Enhances learning by showing you how topics and concepts are related across chapters
Integrated Case	A case study running throughout the book which you study through end-of-chapter exercises	 Simulates a real-world marketing research project running across most of the steps in the marketing research process Shows you the execution of an entire marketing research project
Integration of IBM SPSS Statistics Version 23	The most widely adopted statistical analysis program in the world, with annotated screenshots and output, plus step-by-step "how to do it" instructions	Teaches you the statistical analysis program that is the standard of the marketing research industry.
Online SPSS datasets	SPSS data sets for cases in the textbook, including the integrated case at www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/Burns	 Offers easy access to SPSS datasets that you can use without worrying about set-up or clean-up Provides good models for SPSS datasets
SPSS student assistant	Stand-alone modules with animation and annotated screen shots to show you how to use many SPSS features at www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/Burns	Handy reference for many SPSS functions and features, including statistical analyses

EIGHTH EDITION GLOBAL EDITION

MARKETING RESEARCH

This page intentionally left blank

EIGHTH EDITION GLOBAL EDITION

MARKETING RESEARCH

Alvin C. Burns Louisiana State University

Ann Veeck Western Michigan University

Ronald F. Bush

University of West Florida



Harlow, England • London • New York • Boston • San Francisco • Toronto • Sydney • Dubai • Singapore • Hong Kong Tokyo • Seoul • Taipei • New Delhi • Cape Town • Sao Paulo • Mexico City • Madrid • Amsterdam • Munich • Paris • Milan Vice President, Business Publishing: Donna Battista Editor-in-Chief: Stephanie Wall Editor-in-Chief: Ashley Dodge Senior Sponsoring Editor: Neeraj Bhalla Editorial Assistant: Eric Santucci Managing Editor, Global Edition: Steven Jackson Associate Acquisitions Editor, Global Edition: Ishita Sinha Vice President, Product Marketing: Maggie Moylan Director of Marketing, Digital Services and Products: Jeanette Koskinas Field Marketing Manager: Lenny Ann Raper Product Marketing Assistant: Jessica Quazza Team Lead, Program Management: Ashley Santora

Team Lead, Project Management: Jeff Holcomb

Project Manager: Becca Groves
Project Manager, Global Edition: Sudipto Roy
Senior Manufacturing Controller, Global Edition: Trudy Kimber
Media Production Manager, Global Edition: Vikram Kumar
Operations Specialist: Carol Melville
Creative Director: Blair Brown
Art Director: Janet Slowik
Vice President, Director of Digital Strategy and Assessment: Paul Gentile
Manager of Learning Applications: Paul DeLuca
Full-Service Project Management, Composition and Design: Cenveo[®] Publisher Services
Cover Image: BestPhotoStudio/Shutterstock

Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers make no representations about the suitability of the information contained in the documents and related graphics published as part of the services for any purpose. All such documents and related graphics are provided "as is" without warranty of any kind. Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers hereby disclaim all warranties and conditions with regard to this information, including all warranties and conditions of merchantability, whether express, implied or statutory, fitness for a particular purpose, title and non-infringement. In no event shall Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers be liable for any special, indirect or consequential damages or any damages whatsoever resulting from loss of use, data or profits, whether in an action of contract, negligence or other tortious action, arising out of or in connection with the use or performance of information available from the services.

The documents and related graphics contained herein could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically added to the information herein. Microsoft and/or its respective suppliers may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described herein at any time. Partial screen shots may be viewed in full within the software version specified.

Microsoft[®] and Windows[®] are registered trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation in the U.S.A. and other countries. This book is not sponsored or endorsed by or affiliated with the Microsoft Corporation.

IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com, and SPSS are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation, registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at "IBM Copyright and trademark information" at www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml.

Acknowledgments of third-party content appear on the appropriate page within the text.

Pearson Education Limited Edinburgh Gate Harlow Essex CM20 2JE England

and Associated Companies throughout the world

Visit us on the World Wide Web at: www.pearsonglobaleditions.com

© Pearson Education Limited 2017

The rights of Alvin C. Burns, Ann Veeck, and Ronald F. Bush to be identified as the authors of this work have been asserted by them in accordance with the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

Authorized adaptation from the United States edition, entitled Marketing Research, 8th Edition, ISBN 978-0-13-416740-4 by Alvin C. Burns, Ann Veeck, and Ronald F. Bush, published by Pearson Education © 2017.

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without either the prior written permission of the publisher or a license permitting restricted copying in the United Kingdom issued by the Copyright Licensing Agency Ltd, Saffron House, 6–10 Kirby Street, London EC1N 8TS.

All trademarks used herein are the property of their respective owners. The use of any trademark in this text does not vest in the author or publisher any trademark ownership rights in such trademarks, nor does the use of such trademarks imply any affiliation with or endorsement of this book by such owners.

ISBN 10: 1-29-215326-1 ISBN 13: 978-1-292-15326-1

British Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

10987654321

Typeset in Times LT Pro by Cenveo Publishing Services Printed and bound by Vivar in Malaysia Only we know how much our spouses, Jeanne, Greg, and Libbo, have sacrificed during the times we have devoted to this book. We are fortunate in that, for all of us, our spouses are our best friends and smiling supporters.

> Al Burns, Louisiana State University

Ann Veeck, Western Michigan University

> Ron Bush, University of West Florida

Brief Contents

Preface 21

Chapter 1	Introduction to Marketing Research 32
Chapter 2	The Marketing Research Industry 48
Chapter 3	The Marketing Research Process and Defining the Problem and Research Objectives 66
Chapter 4	Research Design 90
Chapter 5	Secondary Data and Packaged Information 114
Chapter 6	Qualitative Research Techniques 142
Chapter 7	Evaluating Survey Data Collection Methods 170
Chapter 8	Understanding Measurement, Developing Questions, and Designing the Questionnaire 204
Chapter 9	Selecting the Sample 236
Chapter 10	Determining the Size of a Sample 262
Chapter 11	Dealing with Fieldwork and Data Quality Issues 288
Chapter 12	Using Descriptive Analysis, Performing Population Estimates, and Testing Hypotheses 314
Chapter 13	Implementing Basic Differences Tests 350
Chapter 14	Making Use of Associations Tests 376
Chapter 15	Understanding Regression Analysis Basics 406
Chapter 16	The Research Report 432
Endnotes 4	61
Name Index	477

Subject Index 481

Contents

Preface 21

Chapter 1 Introduction to Marketing Research 32 1-1 Marketing Research Is Part of Marketing 34 The Philosophy of the Marketing Concept Guides Managers' Decisions 36 The "Right" Marketing Strategy 36 1-2 What Is Marketing Research? 37 Is It Marketing Research or Market Research? 37 The Function of Marketing Research 37 1-3 What Are the Uses of Marketing Research? 38 Identifying Market Opportunities and Problems 38 Generating, Refining, and Evaluating Potential Marketing Actions 38 Selecting Target Markets 39 Product Research 39 Pricing Research 39 Promotion Research 39 Distribution Research 39 Monitoring Marketing Performance 40 Improving Marketing as a Process 40 Marketing Research Is Sometimes Wrong 41 1-4 The Marketing Information System 41 Components of an MIS 42 Internal Reports System 42 Marketing Intelligence System 42 Marketing Decision Support System (DSS) 42 Marketing Research System 43 Summary 44 • Key Terms 45 • Review Questions/ Applications 45 Case 1.1 Anderson Construction 46 Case 1.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts 46 Chapter 2 The Marketing Research Industry 48 2-1 Evolution of an Industry 50 Earliest Known Studies 50 Why Did the Industry Grow? 50 The 20th Century Led to a "Mature Industry" 51 2-2 Who Conducts Marketing Research? 51 Client-Side Marketing Research 51 Supply-Side Marketing Research 53 2-3 The Industry Structure 53 Firm Size by Revenue 53 Types of Firms and Their Specialties 54 Industry Performance 54

2-4 Challenges to the Marketing Research Industry 56

New and Evolving Sources of Data and Methods 56 Effective Communication of Results 58 Need for Talented and Skilled Employees 58

2-5 Industry Initiatives 58

Industry Performance Initiatives 58 Best Practices 58 Maintaining Public Credibility of Research 58 Monitoring Industry Trends 59 Improving Ethical Conduct 59 Certification of Qualified Research Professionals 60 Continuing Education 61

2-6 A Career in Marketing Research 62

Where You've Been and Where You're Headed! 63 Summary 63 • Key Terms 63 • Review Questions/ Applications 64

Case 2.1 Heritage Research Associates 64

Chapter 3 The Marketing Research Process and Defining the Problem and Research Objectives 66

3-1 The Marketing Research Process 67

The 11-Step Process 67 Caveats to a Step-by-Step Process 68 Why 11 Steps? 68 Not All Studies Use All 11 Steps 69 Steps Are Not Always Followed in Order 69 Introducing "Where We Are" 69 Step 1: Establish the Need for Marketing Research 69 The Information Is Already Available 70 The Timing Is Wrong to Conduct Marketing Research 70 Costs Outweigh the Value of Marketing Research 71 Step 2: Define the Problem 71 Step 3: Establish Research Objectives 71 Step 4: Determine Research Design 72 Step 5: Identify Information Types and Sources 72 Step 6: Determine Methods of Accessing Data 72 Step 7: Design Data Collection Forms 72 Step 8: Determine the Sample Plan and Size 73 Step 9: Collect Data 73 Step 10: Analyze Data 73 Step 11: Prepare and Present the Final Research Report 74 3-2 Defining the Problem 74 1. Recognize the Problem 75 Failure to Meet an Objective 75 Identification of an Opportunity 75 2. Understand the Background of the Problem 76 Conduct a Situation Analysis 76 Clarify the Symptoms 77 Determine the Probable Causes of the Symptom 77 Determine Alternative Decisions 78

- Determine What Decisions Need to Be Made 78 Specify Decision Alternatives 78 Weigh the Alternatives 78
 Identify What Additional Information Is Needed 79 Inventory the Current Information State 79
- Identify the Information Gaps 79 5. Formulate the Problem Statement 80
- 5. Formulate the Problem Statement

3-3 Research Objectives 80

Using Hypotheses 81 Defining Constructs 81 What Is the Unit of Measurement? 82 What Is the Proper Frame of Reference? 83

3-4 Action Standards 83

Impediments to Problem Definition 84

3-5 The Marketing Research Proposal 85

Elements of the Proposal 85 Ethical Issues and the Research Proposal 86

Summary 86 • Key Terms 87 • Review Questions/ Applications 87

Case 3.1 Golf Technologies, Inc. 88

Case 3.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts 89

Chapter 4 Research Design 90

4-1 Research Design 92

Why Is Knowledge of Research Design Important? 92

4-2 Three Types of Research Designs 93

Research Design: A Caution 94

4-3 Exploratory Research 94

Uses of Exploratory Research 95 Gain Background Information 95 Define Terms 95 Clarify Problems and Hypotheses 95 Establish Research Priorities 96 Methods of Conducting Exploratory Research 96 Secondary Data Analysis 96 Experience Surveys 96 Case Analysis 96 Focus Groups 98

4-4 Descriptive Research 98

Classification of Descriptive Research Studies 99

4-5 Causal Research 102

Experiments 102 Experimental Design 103 Before-After with Control Group 104 How Valid Are Experiments? 105 Types of Experiments 106

4-6 Test Marketing 107

Types of Test Markets 107 Standard Test Market 107 Controlled Test Markets 107

Electronic Test Markets 108 Simulated Test Markets 109 Selecting Test-Market Cities 109 Pros and Cons of Test Marketing 109 Summary 110 • Key Terms 111 • Review Questions/ Applications 111 Case 4.1 Memos from a Researcher 112 Chapter 5 Secondary Data and Packaged Information 114 5-1 Big Data 116 5-2 Primary Versus Secondary Data 116 Uses of Secondary Data 118 5-3 Classification of Secondary Data 119 Internal Secondary Data 119 External Secondary Data 120 Published Sources 122 Official Statistics 123 Data Aggregators 124 5-4 Advantages and Disadvantages of Secondary Data 124 Advantages of Secondary Data 124 Disadvantages of Secondary Data 124 Incompatible Reporting Units 124 Mismatched Measurement Units 124 Unusable Class Definitions 125 Outdated Data 125 5-5 Evaluating Secondary Data 125 What Was the Purpose of the Study? 125 Who Collected the Information? 126 What Information Was Collected? 126 How Was the Information Obtained? 126 How Consistent Is the Information with Other Information? 128 5-6 The American Community Survey 128 5-7 What Is Packaged Information? 129 Syndicated Data 129 Packaged Services 131 5-8 Advantages and Disadvantages of Packaged Information 132 Syndicated Data 132 Packaged Services 132 5-9 Applications of Packaged Information 132 Measuring Consumer Attitudes and Opinions 133 Market Segmentation 133 Monitoring Media Usage and Promotion Effectiveness 133 Market Tracking Studies 134 5-10 Social Media Data 134 Types of Information 134 Reviews 135 Tips 135 New Uses 135 Competitor News 135 Advantages and Disadvantages of Social Media Data 135

Tools to Monitor Social Media 136

5-11 Internet of Things 136

Summary 138 • Key Terms 139 • Review Questions/ Applications 139

Case 5.1 The Men's Market for Athleisure 140

Chapter 6 Qualitative Research Techniques 142

6-1 Quantitative, Qualitative, and Mixed Methods Research 143

6-2 Observation Techniques 146

Types of Observation 146 Direct Versus Indirect 146 Covert Versus Overt 147 Structured Versus Unstructured 147 In Situ Versus Invented 147 Appropriate Conditions for the Use of Observation 147 Advantages of Observational Data 148 Limitations of Observational Data 148 Encurs Groups 149

6-3 Focus Groups 149

How Focus Groups Work 150 Online Focus Groups 151 Advantages of Focus Groups 151 Disadvantages of Focus Groups 152 When Should Focus Groups Be Used? 152 When Should Focus Groups Not Be Used? 152 Some Objectives of Focus Groups 152 Operational Aspects of Traditional Focus Groups 153 How Many People Should Be in a Focus Group? 153 Who Should Be in the Focus Group? 153 How Many Focus Groups Should Be Conducted? 154 How Should Focus Group Participants Be Recruited and Selected? 154 Where Should a Focus Group Meet? 154 When Should the Moderator Become Involved in the Research Project? 155 How Are Focus Group Results Reported and Used? 155 What Other Benefits Do Focus Groups Offer? 155 6-4 Ethnographic Research 156 Mobile Ethnography 156 Netnography 157 6-5 Marketing Research Online Communities 158 6-6 Other Qualitative Research Techniques 159 In-Depth Interviews 159 Protocol Analysis 160 Projective Techniques 161 Word-Association Test 161 Sentence-Completion Test 161 Picture Test 162 Cartoon or Balloon Test 162 Role-Playing Activity 162 Neuromarketing 163 Neuroimaging 163

Eye Tracking 164 Facial Coding 164 The Controversy 164 Still More Qualitative Techniques 164 Summary 166 • Key Terms 167 • Review Questions/ Applications 167 Case 6.1 The College Experience 168 Case 6.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts 169

Chapter 7 Evaluating Survey Data Collection Methods 170 7-1 Advantages of Surveys 172

7-2 Modes of Data Collection 174

Data Collection and Impact of Technology 174 Person-Administered Surveys 175 Advantages of Person-Administered Surveys 175 Disadvantages of Person-Administered Surveys 176 Computer-Assisted Surveys 177 Advantages of Computer-Assisted Surveys 177 Disadvantages of Computer-Assisted Surveys 177 Self-Administered Surveys 178 Advantages of Self-Administered Surveys 178 Disadvantages of Self-Administered Surveys 178 Computer-Administered Surveys 179 Advantages of Computer-Administered Surveys 179 Disadvantage of Computer-Administered Surveys 180 Mixed-Mode Surveys 180 Advantage of Mixed-Mode Surveys 180 Disadvantages of Mixed-Mode Surveys 180

7-3 Descriptions of Data Collection Methods 181

Person-Administered/Computer-Assisted Interviews 182 In-Home Surveys 182 Mall-Intercept Surveys 183 In-Office Surveys 184 Telephone Surveys 184 Computer-Administered Interviews 188 Fully Automated Survey 188 Online Surveys 189 Self-Administered Surveys 191 Group Self-Administered Survey 191 Drop-Off Survey 191 Mail Survey 192

7-4 Working with a Panel Company 193

Advantages of Using a Panel Company 194 Disadvantages of Using a Panel Company 194 Top Panel Companies 195

7-5 Choice of the Survey Method 196

How Fast Is the Data Collection? 197 How Much Does the Data Collection Cost? 197 How Good Is the Data Quality? 197 Other Considerations 198

Summary 199 • Key Terms 200 • Review Questions/ Applications 200 Case 7.1 Machu Picchu National Park Survey 201 Case 7.2 Advantage Research, Inc. 202 Chapter 8 Understanding Measurement, Developing Questions, and Designing the Questionnaire 204 8-1 Basic Measurement Concepts 205 8-2 Types of Measures 206 Nominal Measures 206 Ordinal Measures 207 Scale Measures 207 8-3 Interval Scales Commonly Used in Marketing Research 209 The Likert Scale 209 The Semantic Differential Scale 210 The Stapel Scale 212 Two Issues with Interval Scales Used in Marketing Research 213 The Scale Should Fit the Construct 214 8-4 Reliability and Validity of Measurements 215 8-5 Designing a Questionnaire 216 The Questionnaire Design Process 216 8-6 Developing Questions 217 Four Dos of Question Wording 218 The Question Should Be Focused on a Single Issue or Topic 218 The Question Should Be Brief 218 The Question Should Be Grammatically Simple 218 The Question Should Be Crystal Clear 219 Four Do Not's of Question Wording 219 Do Not "Lead" the Respondent to a Particular Answer 219 Do Not Use "Loaded" Wording or Phrasing 220 Do Not Use a "Double-Barreled" Question 220 Do Not Use Words That Overstate the Case 220 8-7 Questionnaire Organization 222 The Introduction 223 Who is Doing the Survey? 223 What is the Survey About? 223 How did You Pick Me? 223 Motivate Me to Participate 223 Am I Qualified to Take Part? 224 Question Flow 224 8-8 Computer-Assisted Questionnaire Design 227 Question Creation 227 Skip and Display Logic 228 Data Collection and Creation of Data Files 228 Ready-Made Respondents 228 Data Analysis, Graphs, and Downloading Data 228 8-9 Finalize the Questionnaire 229 Coding the Questionnaire 229 Pretesting the Questionnaire 230 Summary 232 • Key Terms 232 • Review Questions/ Applications 233

Case 8.1 Extreme Exposure Rock Climbing Center Faces The Krag 234 Case 8.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts 235

Chapter 9 Selecting the Sample 236

9-1 Basic Concepts in Samples and Sampling 238

Population 238 Census 238 Sample and Sample Unit 239 Sample Frame and Sample Frame Error 239 Sampling Error 240

9-2 Reasons for Taking a Sample 240

9-3 Probability Versus Nonprobability Sampling Methods 241

9-4 Probability Sampling Methods 242

Simple Random Sampling 242 Systematic Sampling 245 Cluster Sampling 248 Stratified Sampling 250

9-5 Nonprobability Sampling Methods 253

Convenience Samples 253 Purposive Samples 255 Chain Referral Samples 256 Quota Samples 256

9-6 Online Sampling Techniques 256

Online Panel Samples 257 River Samples 257 Email List Samples 257

9-7 Developing a Sample Plan 257

Summary 258 • Key Terms 258 • Review Questions/ Applications 259

Case 9.1 Peaceful Valley Subdivision: Trouble in Suburbia 260 Case 9.2 Jet's Pets 261

Chapter 10 Determining the Size of a Sample 262

10-1 Sample Size Axioms 265

10-2 The Confidence Interval Method of Determining Sample Size 265

Sample Size and Accuracy 266 p and q: The Concept of Variability 267 The Concept of a Confidence Interval 269 How Population Size (N) Affects Sample Size 271

10-3 The Sample Size Formula 271

Determining Sample Size via the Confidence Interval Formula 271 Variability: $p \times q$ Acceptable Margin of Sample Error: eLevel of Confidence: z

10-4 Practical Considerations in Sample Size Determination 274

How to Estimate Variability in the Population 275 How to Determine the Amount of Acceptable Sample Error 275

How to Decide on the Level of Confidence 275 How to Balance Sample Size with the Cost of Data Collection 276 10-5 Other Methods of Sample Size Determination 276 Arbitrary "Percent Rule of Thumb" Sample Size 277 Conventional Sample Size Specification 278 Statistical Analysis Requirements Sample Size Specification 278 Cost Basis of Sample Size Specification 279 10-6 Three Special Sample Size Determination Situations 280 Sampling from Small Populations 280 Sample Size Using Nonprobability Sampling 281 Sampling from Panels 283 Summary 283 • Key Terms 284 • Review Questions/ Applications 284 Case 10.1 Target: Deciding on the Number of Telephone Numbers 286 Case 10.2 Scope Mouthwash 287

Chapter 11 Dealing with Fieldwork and Data Quality Issues 288

11-1 Data Collection and Nonsampling Error 289

11-2 Possible Errors in Field Data Collection 290

Intentional Fieldworker Errors 290 Unintentional Fieldworker Errors 291 Intentional Respondent Errors 293 Unintentional Respondent Errors 293

11-3 Field Data Collection Quality Controls 296

Control of Intentional Fieldworker Error 296 Control of Unintentional Fieldworker Error 297 Control of Intentional Respondent Error 298 Control of Unintentional Respondent Error 299 Final Comment on the Control of Data Collection Errors 299

11-4 Nonresponse Error 300

Refusals to Participate in the Survey 301 Break-offs During the Interview 301 Refusals to Answer Specific Questions (Item Omission) 301 What Is a Completed Interview? 301 Measuring Response Rate in Surveys 302

11-5 How Panel Companies Control Error 304

11-6 Dataset, Coding Data, and the Data Code Book 305

11-7 Data Quality Issues 306

What to Look for in Raw Data Inspection 307
Incomplete Response 307
Nonresponses to Specific Questions (Item Omissions) 307
Yea- or Nay-Saying Patterns 307
Middle-of-the-Road Patterns 308
Other Data Quality Problems 308
How to Handle Data Quality Issues 308
Summary 310 • Key Terms 310 • Review Questions/

Applications 310

Case 11.1Skunk Juice311Case 11.2Sony Televisions Ultra HD TV Survey312

Chapter 12 Using Descriptive Analysis, Performing Population Estimates, and Testing Hypotheses 314 12-1 Types of Statistical Analyses Used in Marketing Research 317

Descriptive Analysis 317 Inference Analysis 318 Difference Analysis 318 Association Analysis 318

Relationships Analysis 318

12-2 Understanding Descriptive Analysis 319

Measures of Central Tendency: Summarizing the "Typical" Respondent 319

Mode 319

Median 319

Mean 320

Measures of Variability: Relating the Diversity of Respondents 320 Frequency and Percentage Distribution 320 Range 321 Standard Deviation 321

12-3 When to Use a Particular Descriptive Measure 322 12-4 The Auto Concepts Survey: Obtaining Descriptive Statistics with SPSS 323

Integrated Case 323

Use SPSS to Open Up and Use the Auto Concepts Dataset 324 Obtaining a Frequency Distribution and the Mode with SPSS 325 Finding the Median with SPSS 326

Finding the Mean, Range, and Standard Deviation with SPSS 327

12-5 Reporting Descriptive Statistics to Clients 329

Reporting Scale Data (Ratio and Interval Scales) 329 Reporting Nominal or Categorical Data 330

12-6 Statistical Inference: Sample Statistics and Population Parameters 331

12-7 Parameter Estimation: Estimating the Population Percent or Mean 332

Sample Statistic 333 Standard Error 333 Confidence Intervals 335

How to Interpret an Estimated Population Mean or Percentage Range 336

12-8 The Auto Concepts Survey: How to Obtain and Use a Confidence Interval for a Mean with SPSS 337

12-9 Reporting Confidence Intervals to Clients 338

12-10 Hypothesis Tests 340

Test of the Hypothesized Population Parameter Value 340 Auto Concepts: How to Use SPSS to Test a Hypothesis for a Mean 342

12-11 Reporting Hypothesis Tests to Clients 344

Summary 345 • Key Terms 345 • Review Questions/ Applications 345

Case 12.1 L'Experience Félicité Restaurant Survey Descriptive and Inference Analysis 346

Case 12.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts Descriptive and Inference Analysis 348

Chapter 13 Implementing Basic Differences Tests 350

13-1 Why Differences Are Important 351

13-2 Small Sample Sizes: The Use of a t Test or a z Test and How SPSS Eliminates the Worry 354

13-3 Testing for Significant Differences Between

Two Groups 355

Differences Between Percentages with Two Groups (Independent Samples) 355 How to Use SPSS for Differences Between Percentages of Two Groups 358

Differences Between Means with Two Groups (Independent Samples) 358

Integrated Case: The Auto Concepts Survey: How to Perform an Independent Sample 360

13-4 Testing for Significant Differences in Means Among More Than Two Groups: Analysis of Variance 364

Basics of Analysis of Variance 364 Post Hoc Tests: Detect Statistically Significant Differences Among Group Means 366

Integrated Case: Auto Concepts: How to Run Analysis of Variance on SPSS 366

Interpreting ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) 369

13-5 Reporting Group Differences Tests to Clients 369

13-6 Differences Between Two Means Within the Same Sample (Paired Sample) 369

Integrated Case: The Auto Concepts Survey: How to Perform a Paired Samples t test 371

13-7 Null Hypotheses for Differences Tests Summary 372

Summary 373 • Key Terms 373 • Review Questions/ Applications 373

Case 13.1 L'Experience Félicité Restaurant Survey Differences Analysis 375

Case 13.2 Integrated Case: The Auto Concepts Survey Differences Analysis 375

Chapter 14 Making Use of Associations Tests 376

14-1 Types of Relationships Between Two Variables 378 Linear and Curvilinear Relationships 378 Monotonic Relationships 379 Nonmonotonic Relationships 380

14-2 Characterizing Relationships Between Variables 380

Presence 380 Direction (or Pattern) 380 Strength of Association 381

14-3 Correlation Coefficients and Covariation 382

Rules of Thumb for Correlation Strength 382 The Correlation Sign: The Direction of the Relationship 383 Graphing Covariation Using Scatter Diagrams 383

14-4 The Pearson Product Moment Correlation Coefficient 384
Integrated Case: Auto Concepts: How to Obtain Pearson
Product Moment Correlation(s) with SPSS 387
14-5 Reporting Correlation Findings to Clients 389

14-6 Cross-Tabulations 389

Cross-Tabulation Analysis 390 Types of Frequencies and Percentages in a Cross-Tabulation Table 390

14-7 Chi-Square Analysis 393

Observed and Expected Frequencies 393 The Computed χ^2 Value 394 The Chi-Square Distribution 394 How to Interpret a Chi-Square Result 396

Integrated Case: Auto Concepts: Analyzing Cross-Tabulations for Significant Associations by Performing Chi-Square Analysis with SPSS 398

14-8 Reporting Cross-Tabulation Findings to Clients 400 14-9 Special Considerations in Association Procedures 400

Summary 402 • Key Terms 402 • Review Questions/ Applications 403

Case 14.1 L'Experience Félicité Restaurant Survey Associative Analysis 404

Case 14.2 Integrated Case: The Auto Concepts Survey Associative Analysis 405

Chapter 15 Understanding Regression Analysis Basics 406

15-1 Bivariate Linear Regression Analysis 407

Basic Concepts in Regression Analysis 408 Independent and Dependent Variables 408 Computing the Slope and the Intercept 408 How to Improve a Regression Analysis Finding 408

15-2 Multiple Regression Analysis 410

An Underlying Conceptual Model 410 Multiple Regression Analysis Described 412 Basic Assumptions in Multiple Regression 412

Integrated Case: Auto Concepts: How to Run and Interpret Multiple Regression Analysis on SPSS 415

"Trimming" the Regression for Significant Findings 416 Special Uses of Multiple Regression Analysis 417 Using a "Dummy" Independent Variable 417 Using Standardized Betas to Compare the Importance of Independent Variables 418 Using Multiple Regression as a Screening Device 418 Interpreting the Findings of Multiple Regression Analysis 419

15-3 Stepwise Multiple Regression 422

How to Do Stepwise Multiple Regression with SPSS 422 Step-by-Step Summary of How to Perform Multiple Regression Analysis 422

15-4 Warnings Regarding Multiple Regression Analysis42315-5 Reporting Regression Findings to Clients425

Summary 428 • Key Terms 428 • Review Questions/ Applications 428

Case 15.1 L'Experience Félicité Restaurant Survey Regression Analysis 430

Case 15.2 Integrated Case: Auto Concepts Segmentation Analysis 430



Name Index 477 Subject Index 481 This page intentionally left blank

What's New and What's Tried and True in the Eighth Edition?

New! Ann Veeck, Co-author. The eighth edition of Marketing Research heralds a significant change in authors. For the past seven editions, this textbook has been authored by Al Burns and Ron Bush. Ron shifted into retirement soon after the seventh edition was published, and Ann Veeck came aboard. Ann has impeccable credentials, including a Master of Marketing Research degree from the Terry College of Business at the University of Georgia. Ann has taught marketing research and used Burns and Bush textbook editions for a number of years. Ann's contributions appear throughout the eighth edition and especially in coverage of the marketing research industry, the marketing research process and problem definition, research design, secondary and packaged information, and qualitative research techniques. Ann is also on top of digital marketing research and big data analytics. Those adopters who have used previous editions of Marketing Research will nevertheless recognize coverage and contributions by Ron Bush and, while Ron is not an active writer of the eighth edition, we have retained his name as co-author for this reason. So the eighth edition of Marketing Research marks the transition of Burns and Bush to Burns, Veeck, and Bush, with the expectation that the ninth edition will be Burns and Veeck.

Benefit: As a longtime user of *Marketing Research* and an accomplished teacher of countless marketing research students, Ann's contributions continue the tradition of intuitive and immediately understandable coverage of this subject matter.

• New! Big Changes in the Industry, Subtle Shifts in the Textbook. Those of us in the marketing research business cannot help but notice the huge changes taking place. Big data and marketing analytics have arrived; social media marketing research practices are on the scene; qualitative research has become much more common; technological innovations happen daily; panels have become the way of surveys; data visualization, infographics, and dashboards are the preferred presentation vehicles. As seasoned marketing educators and perceptive textbook authors, we are well aware that instructors intensely dislike dramatic changes in new editions of textbooks they have used for some time. So, we have addressed the big changes in marketing research not with a major rewriting of the tried-and-true coverage in prior editions but with a more evolutionary approach by adding new sections, composing Marketing Research Insights as illustrations, and recasting some chapter sections to be consistent with current practice. We advise the adopters of the eighth edition to do as we do. When teaching marketing research to our own students, we use the textbook coverage as a springboard to current practices and examples that we glean by keeping up with Quirk's Marketing Research Review, GreenBook, and other marketing research industry news sources.

Benefit: Adopters of the eighth edition will notice the modernization of coverage, but they will not be shocked or inconvenienced by huge changes in organization, topic coverage, and flow of material in the textbook.

New! Digital Marketing Research. We firmly believe that new technologies, principally computer-based innovations, are profoundly changing the practice of marketing research, and while we termed it *social media marketing research* and *mobile marketing research* in our previous edition, those terms do not completely capture what is happening. So, we have opted to use *digital marketing research* as our catchphrase, which we

believe subsumes social media marketing and mobile marketing research, all technological shifts such as the huge popularity of online panels, the growth of Internet-based qualitative techniques, infographics, and so on. Thus, many of these are highlighted by Digital Marketing Research Applications in Marketing Research Insights throughout the book. Under the umbrella of digital media, many references will pertain exclusively to the subcategory of social media data (as in the section in Chapter 5 on social media as a form of secondary research) and will be labeled as such.

Benefit: Students have the latest information on industry practices regarding technology's impacts on marketing research. Students will be able to appreciate how rapidly changing and evolutionary is the contemporary practice of marketing research.

New! Big Data. In the era of "big data," students need to be aware of traditional sources of data as well as exciting new sources. Chapter 5, Secondary Data and Packaged Information, now begins with an introductory section on big data that defines the phrase and explains why the multiplying types and volume of data are met with both anticipation and apprehension by marketing research professionals. One of these increasingly important sources of data is the user-generated data (UGD) that can be mined from social media websites; an extensive section on the use, as well as the strengths and weaknesses, of social media data has been added to Chapter 5. Another form of secondary digital data that is becoming increasingly useful is the Internet of Things (IoT), and a section on the future potential of these sources of "passive data" now concludes Chapter 5.

Benefit: Students will have a better understanding of the current and potential use of emerging sources of data and how they can develop skills to be well equipped for careers in the marketing research industry.

New! Updated Marketing Research Practical and Global Insights. Marketing Research Insights—short illustrations and descriptions of marketing research practices have been an integral part of Marketing Research from the first edition. In addition to the new Digital Marketing Research Insight element, we have retained those that have evolved over previous editions. Namely, Practical Marketing Research Insights and Global Marketing Research Insights appear in every chapter with fresh examples. These inserts help to illustrate concepts we discuss in the text or to introduce students to some unique application being used in practice. All of these are new and reflect current issues and practices in the industry.

Benefit: Students are introduced to real-world applications in the marketing research industry. By focusing on four categories, students see how current issues that are important to the industry are being addressed by today's practitioners.

New! Marketing Research Company Vignettes. In past editions of Marketing Research, we leveraged the relationships we have developed in the industry by inviting key players to contribute a thumbnail company description or comment on a particular marketing research topic at the beginning of each chapter. With the eighth edition, all company vignettes are fresh. However, we opted, for the most part, to invite only the most innovative marketing research companies to contribute. Thus, we issued an invitation to companies identified in the Top 50 Most Innovative Supplier Companies in Marketing Research in the 2015 GreenBook Research Industry Trends Report. Several responded with thumbnail descriptions, photos of the CEO or other company principal, and company logo. With each one, curious students are encouraged to visit the company's website. Because most of these companies are innovative and cutting edge, they do not fit the "mold" of chapter coverage as did companies in past editions. Instead, instructors should treat these company vignettes as interesting success stories about contemporary marketing research practices.

Benefit: Students get more than an academic perspective of marketing research. They benefit from reading about (and seeing, if they visit the websites) innovative marketing research practitioners solving real problems. New! New End-of-Chapter Cases. In many chapters, we provide new cases to reflect much of the current material in this eighth edition. We strive to make the cases interesting to the students and illustrate real-world applications. We have developed new short cases that are fictitious but written with a goal of stimulating students' interest and curiosity.

Benefit: Students can apply concepts they have just learned in the chapter to a realworld setting. This allows students to see how valuable the information they have learned is in a practical example.

Tried and True! Retained Organization and Shorter Length. With the previous edition, we responded to adopters' desires for a more concise approach. We reduced the number of chapters to 16 instead of the 20 or more chapters you'll see in many texts. We accomplished this aim by combining some chapters and streamlining the material. For example, we combined the chapters on steps in the research process and determining the problem into one chapter. This streamlined approach keeps the focus on the core lessons to be learned. Because this organization and shorter list of chapters proved successful both in terms of sales and adopters' comments, we have retained this format in the eighth edition.

Benefit: The book is better synchronized with a 15- or 16-week semester. Students now have a comprehensive learning experience in a more manageable package.

Tried and True! Annotated Integration IBM[®] SPSS[®] Statistics software ("SPSS") 23.0. This eighth edition is fully integrated with SPSS 23.0. We started this integration in 1995, and we enhance the integration of SPSS by offering your students step-by-step screen captures that help them learn the keystrokes in SPSS. This allows you to spend more time teaching what the analysis technique is, when to use it, and how to interpret it. Illustrated keystrokes for the latest edition of SPSS are presented in this text with clear, easy-to-follow instructions.

Benefit: Students learn the latest version of SPSS, considered to be the "gold standard" among marketing researchers. By following our step-by-step screen captures, students will see the necessary menu operations and learn how to read SPSS output. Just by reading this book, they can learn a great deal about SPSS by "seeing" it operate before they get to a computer to practice.

Tried and True! Guidelines on Reporting Statistical Analyses to Clients. We have noticed that after teaching our students to properly conduct a statistical analysis using SPSS, they have trouble when it comes to writing down what they have done. In our sixth edition, we added an element that would address this problem. We believe it is a significant improvement, and we have retained and streamlined it in the eighth edition. In our data analysis chapters, we include information on how to write up the findings for the client. We offer easy-to-follow guidelines and examples.

Benefit: Most books teach data analysis. Students reading this book will benefit by not only knowing how to perform data analysis but also how to report what they find. This should make students better research report writers.

Tried and True (but tweaked)! Integrated Case. Through our own teaching, we have found that an integrated case is an excellent teaching tool. One case example that develops over the semester allows students to see the linkages that exist in the real world all the way from formulating the problem through data analysis. Our integrated case follows a marketing research company project from start to finish. To freshen the integrated case, we changed the client company from Global Motors to Auto Concepts and modernized the automobile models being researched. The case focuses on a manager who must determine the type of automobiles the auto market will demand in the future. Students using this case will learn how to examine attitudes and opinions (for example, attitudes about global warming) that may influence consumer choice, how to determine the most preferred models, and how to identify market segment differences between the

different models. Students are shown how SPSS tools can aid them in analyzing case data to make important decisions. The dataset is streamlined with fewer variables, and the "integrated" aspect has been cut back to nine end-of-chapter cases rather than one in every chapter. Of course, the dataset is used extensively in analysis chapters so students can replicate the examples and practice.

Benefit: The Auto Concepts integrated case offers the benefit of allowing students to examine the critical steps in a marketing research project and to more easily see how data are used to help managers choose from among decision alternatives.

Tried and True! Inclusion of Code of Ethics Passages as Ethical Marketing Research Insights. A fourth Marketing Research Insight is entitled Ethical Consideration, which also harkens back to our text book's inception. In our previous edition, we decided to treat the topic of ethics the way it is treated in the industry, so we included excerpts from the Code of Marketing Research Standards as presented by the Marketing Research Association (MRA). We have long had a good relationship with the MRA, which has given us permission to present excerpts from the current standards. We continue this approach with the eighth edition. We understand that a textbook cannot teach someone to be ethical. Rather, we tie together issues of ethical sensitivity in the conduct of marketing research practices described in each chapter by specific reference to ethical code passages.

Benefit: Students are introduced to areas of ethical sensitivity in the practice of marketing research using the actual codes/standards that practitioners use. As a result, students should have knowledge of potential "ethical dangers," whether as a future buyer or supplier of research.

Tried and True! YouTube Examples. Current thinking on how millennial students approach their education emphasizes the importance of social media and Internet-based learning. With the previous edition, we experimented by searching for and including YouTube video references, and we have continued this learning resource in the eighth edition. YouTube references in the text provide useful insights ranging from problem definition to statistical analysis to report writing.

Benefit: For students who like video learning, our YouTube references provide different perspectives and how-to insights on topics covered in the text.

Tried and True! Active Learning Challenges. We innovated in the sixth edition with the inclusion of short exercises embedded at strategic points in each chapter where students are tasked with using the concept(s) they have just learned to experiment with or apply to some illustrative situation. We believe these exercises serve to solidify learning on the relevant concepts, and we have retained these Active Learning features in the eighth edition.

Benefit: Active learning allows students to practice or apply some concept or technique they have just read about. Learning is facilitated by reading and then "doing."

Tried and True! Synthesize Your Learning. We have also retained this feature from the sixth edition to help students synthesize the knowledge they have gained across several chapters. The exercises require students to go back to previous chapters and integrate material into answers for the exercise. The Synthesize Your Learning exercises are found at the end of sets of three or so chapters with the goal of showing how topics covered in these chapters work together to solve a marketing research case exercise.

Benefit: This feature allows students to integrate material that is learned in "chunks" to see how the material is related. Students benefit by learning how integrated the marketing research process really is.

The Intended Market for This Book

When we first conceptualized this textbook in the early 1990s, we wanted to write it for undergraduate students who were taking marketing research for the first time. We saw other texts that were trying to be "all things to all people." Even though they were positioned as research texts for undergraduates, much of the material was advanced, and instructors either never used them or endured struggling students when covering these topics. This eighth edition, like its seven predecessors, was written specifically for undergraduate students who need a solid, basic understanding of marketing research. With so many marketing research tools that are easily accessible today, it is better to foster savvy do-it-yourself (DIY) generalists than to spawn marginally prepared technique specialists.

However, as is the case with all things marketing, our customers, both students and instructor-adopters, have changed. As we ourselves strive for perfection in our own educational pedagogies, so have we constantly sought to revise *Marketing Research* toward satisfying the requirements for success with (now) millennial student learners. With every edition, we have conscientiously tried to think about how to improve the presentations in the text so as to be intuitively understandable to the mainstream undergraduate student. Early editions of this textbook sought to equip marketing students with tools to be effective clients of marketing research services providers. Today the need is to provide marketing students with a basic knowledge of good marketing research practice that they will probably attempt to execute themselves. That is, we are now teaching the DIY generation of marketing research students.

Our Approach

Given our intended market, throughout all eight editions we strived to provide instructors with a book designed for undergraduates who wanted to know the "nuts and bolts" of marketing research. For example, our chapter on measurement teaches students the basic question formats, the scales of measurement, the primary uses of each type of scale, and the common methods used to measure popular constructs. It does not dwell on different forms of reliability and validity or the method used to develop valid and reliable multi-item scales. In our analysis chapters, we cover the basic "bread-and-butter" statistical procedures used to analyze data, but we do not cover multivariate techniques or nonparametric statistics in the book itself.

Our approach and writing style have probably been the two main reasons the book has been the market leader for well over two decades. Student evaluations indicate that we deliver on our intent to write at the level that people studying marketing research for the first time understand. We hope your teaching evaluations regarding the text will arrive at the same appraisal.

Recommended Prerequisites

To prepare for this course, we feel students should have taken an introductory course in marketing. We assume students know what we mean when we talk about marketing strategy and the elements of the marketing mix. Students having had an introduction to marketing course will better appreciate the role that marketing research plays in helping managers make better marketing decisions. We also recommend that students take an introductory statistics course prior to taking this course. It helps for them to know concepts such as the area under the normal curve, z scores, and the basics of statistical testing, including interpretation of p values. However, since we both have taught for many years, we are well aware that many students will not recall many of these concepts and, where necessary, we provide some review of these basics.

AACSB Guidelines

The Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business–International (AACSB), our accreditation society, influences us a great deal. We strive to keep current with AACSB's recommendations and guidelines, such as including material that will aid in your course assessment efforts, covering ethical issues, and pointing out global applications.

We include a number of items that should help in assessing your students' understanding of the course content. Each chapter begins with learning objectives. Embedded in each chapter are Active Learning exercises that allow students to apply the knowledge just acquired to some real-world resource. Synthesize Your Learning exercises in this edition require that students revisit chapters to integrate their knowledge from those chapters. For our test bank, Pearson has adopted guidelines established by AACSB. We discuss this in a following section.

Other Features in the Eighth Edition

Online Link to Careers in Marketing Research. Some students will be interested in marketing research as a career. Beginning with the sixth edition and continued for the eighth, we provide an online Careers link. This gives us the opportunity to post new happenings in the industry as they occur. Students will find descriptions of positions, salary information, educational requirements, and links to actual position openings.

There are some excellent master's programs in marketing research. Our Careers link also provides information on these programs. Go to **http://www.pearsonglobaleditions**.com/Burns and click on the link for the Companion Website for *Marketing Research*, eighth edition. When you open any chapter, you will see the list of links in the left margin. Click on "Careers."

Benefit: Students have the most up-to-date information about careers.

- Advanced Data Analysis Modules. Even undergraduate students taking their first course in marketing research may need some knowledge of statistical analyses other than those we have provided in the text. Many times these issues arise as a result of a particular need associated with a real-world class project. We wanted to make some of these techniques available to you online, so we have written several additional data analysis modules. The emphasis in these modules is on explaining the basics of the analysis and when it is appropriate. We also provide an example. Topics covered are the following:
 - When to Use Nonparametric Tests
 - Nonparametric: Chi-square Goodness-of-Fit Test
 - Nonparametric: Mann-Whitney U Test
 - Nonparametric: Wilcoxon Test
 - Nonparametric: Kruskal-Wallis H Test
 - When to Use Multivariate Techniques
 - Factor Analysis
 - Cluster Analysis
 - Conjoint Analysis

Students can access the modules by going to the textbook website and opening up any chapter. They will see a link to "Online Data Analysis Modules."

- Datasets. We offer datasets associated with our cases that can be downloaded. Of course, we provide the dataset for our integrated case, Auto Concepts. We also offer the L'Experience Félicité (formerly Hobbit's Choice) dataset for professors who wish to use this case. These datasets and the chapter locations of the relevant data analysis cases are as follows:
 - Auto Concepts (Auto Concepts.sav)—integrated case dataset used in Chapters 12–16

- Auto Concepts Recoded (Auto Concepts.Recoded.sav)—integrated case dataset with ordinal demographic variables recoded using midpoints of ranges to convert these variables to scales to be used as independent variables in multiple regression analysis
- L'Experience Félicité Restaurant (L'Experience.sav)— dataset for end-of-chapter cases used in Chapters 12–15.

To access these datasets, go to http://www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/Burns and click on the link for the Companion Website for *Marketing Research*, eighth edition. When you open any chapter, see the list of links in the left margin and click on "SPSS Student Downloads."

Instructor Resources

At the Instructor Resource Center, www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/Burns, instructors can easily register to gain access to a variety of instructor resources available with this text in downloadable format. If assistance is needed, our dedicated technical support team is ready to help with the media supplements that accompany this text. Visit http://support.pearson .com/getsupport for answers to frequently asked questions and toll-free user support phone numbers.

The following supplements are available with this text:

- Instructor's Resource Manual
- Test Bank
- TestGen[®] Computerized Test Bank
- PowerPoint Presentation
- Student Companion Website

Student Supplements

SPSS Student Assistant. With previous editions, we created the SPSS Student Assistant, a stand-alone tutorial that teaches students how to use and interpret SPSS. The SPSS Student Assistant may be downloaded from the Companion Website. Installation on a personal computer is simple, and the SPSS Student Assistant will reside there for easy, immediate access. The videos show cursor movements and resulting SPSS operations and output. There is a test for each Student Assistant session so that students may assess how well they have learned the material.

Go to http://www.pearsonglobaleditions.com/Burns and click on the link for the Companion Website for *Marketing Research*, eighth edition. When you open any chapter, see the list of links in the left margin and click on "SPSS Student Downloads" for more information.

Acknowledgments

Many people were involved in putting this eighth edition together. We are fortunate to have Pearson as our publisher. Over the years, we have been impressed with the professionalism and dedication of the people at Pearson and the people we worked with on this edition were no exception. We wish to thank our Senior Sponsoring Editor, Neeraj Bhalla, for his support and leadership. We have worked with Becca Richter Groves, Senior Production Project Manager, on several past editions, and we are grateful for her responsiveness and efficiency. This has been another successful collaboration with the Pearson team and we look forward to many more editions! We have benefited from the input of Heather Donofrio, Ph.D., Business Communications, for several editions. Heather helped us keep the reporting, writing, and presentation chapter current. Ashley Roberts has worked behind the scenes for us on two previous editions. Parts of this eighth edition benefited greatly from the work of Ali Russo. We are fortunate to have these bright and enthusiastic people working with us.

We devote a major effort toward developing and maintaining relationships with our colleagues who practice marketing research. Their knowledge and insights are interwoven throughout these pages. Many of these people have been our friends for many years, and we appreciate their contributions. Professionals who contributed significantly to one or more of our eight editions include the following:

David Almy, CEO, Marketing Research Association Eduardo Carqueja, NPolls Kristen Darby, COO, Marketing Research Association Andrea Fisher, Burke, Inc. Raleigh Floyd, Nielsen Chris Forbes, Research Reporter Steven H. Gittelman, President and CEO, Mktg., Inc. Erika Harriford-McLaren, Strategic and Corporate Communications Manager, ESOMAR Lauren Hersch, Client Relationship Manager, IBISWorld Kees de Jong, Vice Chairman of the	 William D. Neal, Founder and Senior Partner, SDR Consulting Darren Mark Noyce, Founder and Managing Director, SKOPOS Market Insight Kartik Pashupati, Research Manager, Research Now Anne Pettit, Vice President, Conversition Henry Schafer, Executive Vice President, The Q Scores Company Jessica Smith, Vice President, Offline Client Services, Survey Sampling International Eelco Snip, Market Intelligence Analyst, ESOMAR Doss Struse, Managing Partner, Dofiniting Insights
Board, Survey Sampling International	Definitive Insights
Frankie Johnson, Research Arts	Naoufel Testaouni, Mirametrix
Shari Johnson, Business Librarian,	Liz Tanner, Communications Director,
University of West Florida	Qualtrics Labs, Inc.
Jackie Lorch, Vice President, Global	Leslie Townsend, President and Founder,
Knowledge Development, Survey	Kinesis
Sampling International	Sima Vasa, Partner and CEO, Paradigm
Ramana Madupalli, Director, Master of	Sample
Marketing Research Program, Southern	Mike Webster, Senior Vice President,
Illinois University–Edwardsville	Research Solutions, Burke, Inc.
Jeff Minier, Co-President, GfK Kynetec	Brendan Wycks, Executive Director,
Leonard Murphy, Editor-in-Chief,	Marketing Research and Intelligence
<i>GreenBook</i>	Association

Of course, we owe a debt of gratitude to our colleagues in academia who provide reviews of our work. Among the reviewers for the eighth edition were the following:

Linda Coleman, Salem State University Michael Pepe, Siena College Feng Shen, St. Joseph University Minakshi Trivedi, State University at Buffalo